docformatter

Release 1.7.5

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CHAPTER

ONE

HOW TO INSTALL DOCFORMATTER

1.1 Install from PyPI

The latest released version of docformatter is available from PyPI. To install it using pip:

\$ pip install --upgrade docformatter

1.1.1 Extras

If you want to use pyproject.toml to configure docformatter, you'll need to install with TOML support:

```
$ pip install --upgrade docformatter[tomli]
```

This is only necessary if you are using Python < 3.11. Beginning with Python 3.11, docformatter will utilize tomllib from the standard library.

1.2 Install from GitHub

If you'd like to use an unreleased version, you can also use pip to install docformatter from GitHub.

\$ python -m pip install git+https://github.com/PyCQA/docformatter.git@v1.5.0-rc1

Replace the tag v1.5.0-rc1 with a commit SHA to install an untagged version.

HOW TO USE DOCFORMATTER

There are several ways you can use docformatter. You can use it from the command line, as a file watcher in PyCharm, in your pre-commit checks, and as a GitHub action. However, before you can use docformatter, you'll need to install it.

2.1 Use from the Command Line

To use docformatter from the command line, simply:

```
$ docformatter name_of_python_file.py
```

docformatter recognizes a number of options for controlling how the tool runs as well as how it will treat various patterns in the docstrings. The help output provides a summary of these options:

```
usage: docformatter [-h] [-i | -c] [-d] [-r] [-e [EXCLUDE ...]]
                    [-n [NON-CAP ...]] [-s [style]] [--rest-section-adorns REGEX]
                    [--black] [--wrap-summaries length]
                    [--wrap-descriptions length] [--force-wrap]
                    [--tab-width width] [--blank] [--pre-summary-newline]
                    [--pre-summary-space] [--make-summary-multi-line]
                    [--close-quotes-on-newline] [--range line line]
                    [--docstring-length length] [--non-strict]
                    [--config CONFIG] [--version] files [files ...]
Formats docstrings to follow PEP 257.
positional arguments:
                        files to format or '-' for standard in
  files
optional arguments:
  -h, --help
                        show this help message and exit
  -i, --in-place
                        make changes to files instead of printing diffs
  -c, --check
                        only check and report incorrectly formatted files
  -r, --recursive
                        drill down directories recursively
                        in recursive mode, exclude directories and files by names
  -e, --exclude
  -n, --non-cap
                        list of words not to capitalize when they appear as the
                        first word in the summary
  -s style, --style style
                        the docstring style to use when formatting parameter
```

(continued from previous page)

```
lists. One of epytext, sphinx. (default: sphinx)
--rest-section-adorns REGEX
                      regular expression for identifying reST section adornments
                      (default: [!\"#$\%\&"()*+,-./\:;<=>?@[]^_`{|}~]{4,})
--black
                      make formatting compatible with standard black options
                      (default: False)
--wrap-summaries length
                      wrap long summary lines at this length; set to 0 to
                      disable wrapping (default: 79, 88 with --black option)
--wrap-descriptions length
                      wrap descriptions at this length; set to 0 to disable
                      wrapping (default: 72, 88 with --black option)
--force-wrap
                      force descriptions to be wrapped even if it may result
                      in a mess (default: False)
--tab width width
                      tabs in indentation are this many characters when
                      wrapping lines (default: 1)
--blank
                      add blank line after elaborate description
                      (default: False)
--pre-summary-newline
                      add a newline before one-line or the summary of a
                      multi-line docstring
                      (default: False)
--pre-summary-space
                      add a space between the opening triple guotes and
                      the first word in a one-line or summary line of a
                      multi-line docstring
                      (default: False)
--make-summary-multi-line
                      add a newline before and after a one-line docstring
                      (default: False)
--close-quotes-on-newline
                      place closing triple quotes on a new-line when a
                      one-line docstring wraps to two or more lines
                      (default: False)
--range start_line end_line
                      apply docformatter to docstrings between these lines;
                      line numbers are indexed at 1
--docstring-length min_length max_length
                      apply docformatter to docstrings of given length range
--non-strict
                      do not strictly follow reST syntax to identify lists
                      (see issue #67) (default: False)
--config CONFIG
                      path to file containing docformatter options
                      (default: ./pyproject.toml)
--version
                      show program's version number and exit
```

Possible exit codes from docformatter:

- 1 if any error encountered
- 2 if it was interrupted
- 3 if any file needs to be formatted (in --check or --in-place mode)

2.2 Use as a PyCharm File Watcher

docformatter can be configured as a PyCharm file watcher to automatically format docstrings on saving python files.

Head over to Preferences > Tools > File Watchers, click the + icon and configure docformatter as shown below:

2.3 Use with pre-commit

docformatter is configured for pre-commit and can be set up as a hook with the following .pre-commit-config. yaml configuration:

```
- repo: https://github.com/PyCQA/docformatter
  rev: v1.7.5
hooks:
  - id: docformatter
    additional_dependencies: [tomli]
    args: [--in-place --config ./pyproject.toml]
```

You will need to install pre-commit and run pre-commit install.

Whether you use args: [--check] or args: [--in-place], the commit will fail if docformatter processes a change. The --in-place option fails because pre-commit does a diff check and fails if it detects a hook changed a file. The --check option fails because docformatter returns a non-zero exit code.

The additional_dependencies: [tomli] is only required if you are using pyproject.toml for docformatter's configuration.

2.4 Use with GitHub Actions

docformatter is one of the tools included in the python-lint-plus action.

CHAPTER

THREE

HOW TO CONFIGURE DOCFORMATTER

The command line options for docformatter can also be stored in a configuration file. Currently only pyproject. toml, setup.cfg, and tox.ini are supported. The configuration file can be passed with a full path. For example:

```
$ docformatter --config ~/.secret/path/to/pyproject.toml
```

If no configuration file is explicitly passed, docformatter will search the current directory for the supported files and use the first one found. The order of precedence is pyproject.toml, setup.cfg, then tox.ini.

In pyproject.toml, add a section [tool.docformatter] with options listed using the same name as command line argument. For example:

```
[tool.docformatter]
recursive = true
wrap-summaries = 82
blank = true
```

In setup.cfg or tox.ini, add a [docformatter] section.

```
[docformatter]
recursive = true
wrap-summaries = 82
blank = true
```

Command line arguments will take precedence over configuration file settings. For example, if the following is in your pyproject.toml

```
[tool.docformatter]
recursive = true
wrap-summaries = 82
wrap-descriptions = 81
blank = true
```

And you invoke docformatter as follows:

```
$ docformatter --config ~/.secret/path/to/pyproject.toml --wrap-summaries 68
```

Summaries will be wrapped at 68, not 82.

3.1 A Note on Options to Control Styles

There are various docformatter options that can be used to control the style of the docstring. These options can be passed on the command line or set in a configuration file. Currently, the style options are:

- --black
- -s or --style

When passing the --black option, the following arguments are set automatically:

- --pre-summary-space is set to True
- --wrap-descriptions is set to 88
- --wrap-summaries is set to 88

All of these options can be overridden from the command line or in the configuration file. Further, the --pre-summary-space option only inserts a space before the summary when the summary begins with a double quote ("). For example:

```
"""This summary gets no space."""becomes """This summary gets no space."""

and

""""This" summary does get a space."""becomes """ "This" summary does get a space."""
```

The --style argument takes a string which is the name of the field list style you are using. Currently, only sphinx and epytext are recognized, but numpy and google are future styles. For the selected style, each line in the field lists will be wrapped at the --wrap-descriptions length as well as any portion of the elaborate description preceding the parameter list. Field lists that don't follow the passed style will cause the entire elaborate description to be ignored and remain unwrapped.

3.2 A Note on reST Header Adornments Regex

docformatter-1.7.2 added a new option --rest-section-adorns. This allows for setting the characters used as overline and underline adornments for reST section headers. Per the ReStructuredText Markup Specification, the following are all valid adornment characters,

```
! " # $ % & ' ( ) * + , - . / : ; < = > ? @ [ \ ] ^ _ ` { | } ~
```

Thus, the default regular expression $[!\"#\%\&'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^_`{|}~]{4,}$ looks for any of these characters appearing at least four times in a row. Note that the list of valid adornment characters includes the double quote (") and the greater-than sign (>). Four repetitions was selected because:

- Docstrings open and close with triple double quotes.
- Doctests begin with >>>.
- It would be rare for a section header to consist of fewer than four characters.

The user can override this default list of characters by passing a regex from the command line or setting the rest-section-adorns option in the configuration file. It may be usefule to set this regex to only include the subset of characters you actually use in your docstrings. For example, to only recognize the recommended list in the ReStructuredText Markup Specification, the following regular expression would be used:

```
[=-`:.'"~^_*+#]{4,}
```

DOCFORMATTER REQUIREMENTS

The goal of docformatter is to be an autoformatting tool for producing PEP 257 compliant docstrings. This document provides a discussion of the requirements from various sources for docformatter. Every effor will be made to keep this document up to date, but this is not a formal requirements document and shouldn't be construed as such.

4.1 PEP 257 Requirements

PEP 257 provides conventions for docstrings. Conventions are general agreements or customs of usage rather than strict engineering requirements. This is appropriate for providing guidance to a broad community. In order to provide a tool for automatically formatting or style checking docstrings, however, some objective criteria is needed. Fortunately, the language of PEP 257 lends itself to defining objective criteria, or requirements, for such tools.

The conventions in PEP 257 define the high-level structure of docstrings:

- How the docstring needs to be formatted.
- What information needs to be in a docstring.

PEP 257 explicitly ignores markup syntax in the docstring; these are style choices left to the individual or organization to enforce. This gives us two categories of requirements in PEP 257. Let's call them *convention* requirements and *methodology* requirements to be consistent with PEP 257 terminology.

An autoformatter should produce docstrings with the proper *convention* so tools such as Docutils or pydocstyle can process them properly. The contents of a docstring are irrelevant to tools like Docutils or pydocstyle. An autoformatter may be able to produce some content, but much of the content requirements would be difficult at best to satisfy automatically.

Requirements take one of three types, **shall**, **should**, and **may**. Various sources provide definitions of, and synonyms for, these words. But generally:

- Shall represents an absolute.
- Should represents a goal.
- May represents an option.

Thus, an autoformatting tool:

- Must produce output that satisfies all the *convention* shall requirements.
- Ought to provide arguments to allow the user to dictate how each *convention* **should** or **may** requirement is interpreted.
- Would be nice to produce as much output that satisfies the *methodology* requirements.
- Would be nice to provide arguments to allow the user to turn on/off each *methodology* requirement the tool supports.

4.2 Docstring Style

There are at least four "flavors" of docstrings in common use today; Epytext, Sphinx, NumPy, and Google. Each of these docstring flavors follow the PEP 257 *convention* requirements. What differs between the three docstring flavors is the reST syntax used in the field list of the multi-line docstring.

For example, here is how each syntax documents function arguments.

Epytext syntax:

```
@type num_dogs: int
@param num_dogs: the number of dogs
```

Sphinx syntax:

```
:param param1: The first parameter, defaults to 1.
:type: int
```

Google syntax:

```
Args:
param1 (int): The first parameter.
```

NumPy syntax:

```
Parameters
-----
param1: int
The first parameter.
```

Syntax is also important to Docutils. An autoformatter should be aware of syntactical directives so they can be placed properly in the structure of the docstring. To accommodate the various syntax flavors used in docstrings, a third requirement category is introduced, *style*.

Another consideration in the *style* category is line wrapping. According to PEP 257, splitting a one-line docstring is to allow "Emacs' fill-paragraph command" to be used. The fill-paragraph command is a line-wrapping command. Additionally, it would be desirable to wrap docstrings for visual continuity with the code.

NumPy makes a stylistic decision to place a blank line after the long description.

Some code formatting tools also format docstrings. For example, black places a space before a one-line or the summary line when that line begins with a double quote ("). It would be desirable to provide the user an option to have docformatter also insert this space for compatibility.

Thus, an autoformatting tool:

- Ought to provide arguments to allow the user to select the *style* or "flavor" of their choice.
- Ought to provide arguments to allow the user to, as seamlessly as possible, produce output of a compatible *style* with other formatting tools in the eco-system.
- Would be nice to to provide short cut arguments that represent aliases for a commonly used group of style arguments.

4.3 Program Control

Finally, how the docformatter tool is used should have some user-defined options to accommodate various use-cases. These could best be described as *stakeholder* requirements. An autoformatting tool:

• Ought to provide arguments to allow the user to integrate it into their existing workflow.

4.3.1 Exceptions and Interpretations

As anyone who's ever been involved with turning a set of engineering requirements into a real world product knows, they're never crystal clear and they're always revised along the way. Interpreting and taking exception to the requirements for an aerospace vehicle would be frowned upon without involving the people who wrote the requirements. However, the consequences for a PEP 257 autoformatting tool doing this are slightly less dire. We have confidence the GitHub issue system is the appropriate mechanism if there's a misinterpretation or inappropriate exception taken.

The following items are exceptions or interpretations of the PEP 257 requirements:

- One-line and summary lines can end with any punctuation. docformatter will recognize any of [. ! ?].
 Exception to requirement PEP_257_4.5; consistent with Google style. See also #56 for situations when this is not desired.
- One-line and summary lines will have the first word capitalized. docformatter will capitalize the first word for
 grammatical correctness. Interpretation of requirement PEP_257_4.5. Some proper nouns are explicitly spelled
 using a lowercase letter (e.g., docformatter). A user option is provided for a list of words to maintain lower
 case.
- PEP 257 discusses placing closing quotes on a new line in the multi-line section. However, it really makes no sense here as there is no way this condition could be met for a multi-line docstring. Given the basis provided in PEP 257, this requirement really applies to wrapped one-liners. Thus, this is assumed to apply to wrapped one-liners and the closing quotes will be placed on a line by themselves in this case. However, an argument will be provided to allow the user to select their desired behavior. Interpretation of requirement PEP_257_5.5.

These give rise to the *derived* requirement category which would also cover any requirements that must be met for a higher level requirement to be met.

The table below summarizes the requirements for docformatter. It includes an ID for reference, the description from PEP 257, which category the requirement falls in, the type of requirement, and whether docformatter has implemented the requirement.

ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_1	Always use """triple double quotes"""	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_2	Use r"""raw triple double quotes"" if you use backslashes.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes

Table 1: PEP 257 Requirements Summary

Table 1 – continued from previous page

	Table 1	continued from pre	Tious page	
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_3	Use u"""unicode triple double quotes"" for unicode docstrings. One-line doc-	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_4	strings:			
PEP_257_4.1	Should fit on a single line.	Con- vention	Should	Yes
PEP_257_4.2	Use triple quotes.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_4.3	Closing quotes are on the same line as opening quotes.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_4.4	No blank line before or after the doc- string.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_4.5	Is a phrase ending in a period.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_4.5.1	One-line doc-strings may end in any of the following punctuation marks [.!?]	De- rived	May	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_4.5.2	One- line doc- strings will have the first word capital- ized.	De- rived	Shall	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_4.5.2.1	First words in one- line doc- strings that are vari- ables or file- names shall remain un- changed.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [PR #185, #188]

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_4.5.2.2	First words in one- line doc- strings that are user- specified to not be cap- italized shall remain un- changed.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [PR #194]
docfor- mat- ter_4.5.3	Shall not place a newline after the first line of a wrapped one- line doc- string.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [PR #179]
PEP_257_5	Multi-line doc- strings:			
PEP_257_5.1	A summary is just like a one-line doc-string.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_5.1.1	The sum- mary line shall satisfy all the re- quire- ments of a one- line doc- string.	De- rived	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_5.2	The summary line may be on the same line as the opening quotes or the next line.	Convention	May	Yes, with option
PEP_257_5.3	A blank line.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_5.4	A more elab- orate de- scrip- tion.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_5.5	Place the closing quotes on a line by them- selves unless the entire doc- string fits on a line.	Convention	Shall	Yes, with option
docfor- mat- ter_5.5.1	An argument should be provided to allow the user to choose where the closing quotes are placed for onelline doc-strings.	De- rived	Should	Yes [PR #104]

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_5.6	In- dented the same as the quotes at its first line.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
	Class docstrings:			
PEP_257_6				
PEP_257_6.1	Insert blank line after.	Con- vention	Shall	Yes
PEP_257_6.2	Sum- marize its be- havior.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_6.3	List the public methods and instance variables.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_6.4	List sub- class inter- faces sepa- rately.	Method- ology	Should	No
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	145.5	borning a maniprov		
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_6.5	Class con- structor should be docu- mented in theinit method doc- string.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_6.6	Use the verb "over- ride" to in- dicate that a sub- class method re- places a super- class method.	Method- ology	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_6.7	Use the verb "ex- tend" to in- dicate that a sub- class method calls the super- class method and then has ad- ditional behav- ior.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_7	Script doestring:			
PEP_257_7.1	Should be usable as its "usage" mes-sage.	Method- ology	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

	145.5	Continued from prev	Tage	
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_7.2	Should document the scripts function and command line syntax, environment variables, and files.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_8	Module and Package docstrings:			
PEP_257_8.1	List classes, exceptions, and functions that are exported by the module with a one- line sum- mary of each.	Method- ology	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_9	Function and Method doc-strings:			
PEP_257_9.1	Sum- marize its be- havior.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_9.2	Document its arguments, return values(s), side effects, exceptions raised, and restrictions on when it can be called.	Method- ology	Should	No
PEP_257_9.3	Op- tional argu- ments should be indi- cated.	Method- ology	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
PEP_257_9.4	Should be docu- mented whether key- word argu- ments are part of the inter- face.	Method- ology	Should	No
docfor- mat- ter_10	docstring Syntax			
docfor- mat- ter_10.1	Should wrap doc- strings at n charac- ters.	Style	Should	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.1	Shall not wrap lists, syntax direc- tive state- ments, or literal blocks	De- rived	Shall	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

	Table T	Continued from prov	, , ,	
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.1.1	Should allow wrap- ping of lists and syntax direc- tive state- ments.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [PR #5, PR #93]
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.2	Should al- low/disallow wrap- ping of one- line doc- strings.	De- rived	Should	No
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.3	Shall not wrap links that exceed the wrap length.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [<i>PR</i> #114]

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.3.1	Shall main- tain in-line links on one line even if the result- ing line exceeds wrap length.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [<i>PR</i> #152]
docfor- mat- ter_10.1.3.2	Shall not place a newline be- tween de- scrip- tion text and a wrapped link.	De- rived	Shall	Yes [PR #182]
docfor- mat- ter_10.2	Should format doc- strings using NumPy style.	Style	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.2.1	Shall ignore doc- strings in other styles when using NumPy style.	Style	Shall	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.2.2	Shall wrap NumPy- style param- eter de- scrip- tions that exceed wrap length when using NumPy style.	Shall	No	
docfor- mat- ter_10.3	Should format doc-strings using Google style.	Style	Should	No

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.3.1	Shall ignore doc- strings in other styles when using Google style.	Style	Shall	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.3.2	Shall wrap Google- style param- eter de- scrip- tions that exceed wrap length when using Google style.	Shall	No	
docfor- mat- ter_10.4	Should format doc- strings using Sphinx style.	Style	Should	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.4.1	Shall ignore doc- strings in other styles when using Sphinx style.	Style	Shall	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.4.2	Shall wrap Sphinx- style param- eter de- scrip- tions that exceed wrap length when using Sphinx style.	Shall	Yes	
docfor- mat- ter_10.4.3	Shall ensure one blank space be- tween a field name and field body.	Style	Shall	Yes [PR #220]

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.4.3.1	Shall NOT add a blank space after a field name when the field body is a link.	Style	Shall	Yes [PR #220]
docfor- mat- ter_10.4.3.2	Shall NOT add a blank space after a field name when there is no field body.	Style	Shall	Yes [PR #220]
docfor- mat- ter_10.5	Should format doc-strings compatible with black.	Style	Should	Yes [PR #192]

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.5.1	Should wrap sum-maries at 88 characters by default in black mode.	Style	Should	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.5.2	Should wrap de- scrip- tions at 88 charac- ters by default in black mode.	Style	Should	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.5.3	Should insert a space before the first word in the sum- mary if that word is quoted when in black mode.	Style	Should	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.5.4	Default black mode options should be over- rideable by passing argu- ments or using config- uration files.	Style	Should	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.6	Should format doc-strings using Epytext style.	Style	Should	Yes
docfor- mat- ter_10.6.1	Shall ignore doc- strings in other styles when using Epytext style.	Style	Shall	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.6.2	Shall wrap Epytext- style param- eter de- scrip- tions that exceed wrap length when using Epytext style.	Shall	Yes	
docfor- mat- ter_10.7	Should format doc-strings using Re-Structured Text (reST) directives.	Style	Should	No
docfor- mat- ter_10.7.1	Shall NOT wrap section headers or their adorn- ments.	Style	Shall	Yes [PR #220]

Table 1 – continued from previous page

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_10.7.2	Shall NOT wrap literal blocks.	Style	Shall	Yes [PR #211]
docfor- mat- ter_11	Program Control			
docfor- mat- ter_11.1	Should check formatting and report incorrectly documented docstrings.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR</i> #32]
docfor- mat- ter_11.2	Should fix for- matting and save changes to file.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes

Table 1 – continued from previous page

		·	<u>, ' </u>	
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_11.3	Should only format doc-strings that are [minimum, maximum] lines long.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR</i> #63]
docfor- mat- ter_11.4	Should only format doc-strings found be-tween [start, end] lines in the file.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR</i> #7}
docfor- mat- ter_11.5	Should exclude pro- cessing directo- ries and files by name.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes

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Table 1 – continued from previous page

Table 1 Continued from previous page							
ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented			
docfor- mat- ter_11.6	Should recursively search directories for files to check and format.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR</i> #44]			
docfor- mat- ter_11.7	Should be able to store config- uration options in a config- uration file.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR</i> #77]			
docfor- mat- ter_11.7.1	Com- mand line options shall take prece- dence over config- uration file op- tions.	De- rived	Shall	Yes			

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ID	Re- quire- ment	Cate- gory	Туре	Imple- mented
docfor- mat- ter_11.8	Should read doc-strings from stdin and report results to stdout.	Stake- holder	Should	Yes [<i>PR #8</i>]

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Requirement ID's that begin with PEP_257 are taken from PEP 257. Those prefaced with docformatter are un-related to PEP 257.

4.4 Test Suite

Each requirement in the table above should have one or more test in the test suite to verify compliance. Ideally the test docstring will reference the requirement(s) it is verifying to provide traceability.

4.5 Current Implementation

docformatter currently provides the following arguments for interacting with *convention* requirements.

```
--pre-summary-newline [boolean, default False]
Boolean to indicate whether to place the summary line on the line after
the opening quotes in a multi-line docstring. See requirement
PEP_257_5.2.
```

docformatter currently provides these arguments for style requirements.

```
-s, --style [string, default sphinx]
    name of the docstring syntax style to use for formatting parameter
lists.
--rest-section-adorns [REGEX, default [!\"#$%&'()*+,-./\\:;<=>?@[]^_`{|}~]{4,}]
    regular expression for identifying reST section adornments
-n, --non-cap [string, default []]
    list of words not to capitalize when they appear as the first word in the summary
--black [boolean, default False]
    Boolean to indicate whether to format docstrings to be compatible with black.
```

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```
--blank [boolean, default False]
   Boolean to indicate whether to add a blank line after the
   elaborate description.
--close-quotes-on-newline [boolean, default False]
   Boolean to indicate whether to place closing triple quotes on new line
    for wrapped one-line docstrings.
--make-summary-multi-line [boolean, default False]
   Boolean to indicate whether to add a newline before and after a
   one-line docstring. This option results in non-conventional
   docstrings; violates requirements PEP_257_4.1 and PEP_257_4.3.
--non-strict [boolean, default False]
   Boolean to indicate whether to ignore strict compliance with reST list
    syntax (see issue #67).
--pre-summary-space [boolean, default False]
   Boolean to indicate whether to add a space between the opening triple
   quotes and the first word in a one-line or summary line of a
   multi-line docstring.
--tab-width [integer, defaults to 1]
   Sets the number of characters represented by a tab when line
   wrapping, for Richard Hendricks and others who use tabs instead of
--wrap-descriptions length [integer, default 79]
   Wrap long descriptions at this length.
--wrap-summaries length [integer, default 72]
   Wrap long one-line docstrings and summary lines in multi-line
   docstrings at this length.
```

docformatter currently provides these arguments for *stakeholder* requirements.

```
--check
   Only check and report incorrectly formatted files.
--config CONFIG
   Path to the file containing docformatter options.
--docstring-length min_length max_length
   Only format docstrings that are [min_length, max_length] rows long.
--exclude
   Exclude directories and files by names.
--force-wrap
   Force descriptions to be wrapped even if it may result in a mess.
   This should likely be removed after implementing the syntax option.
--in-place
   Make changes to files instead of printing diffs.
--range start end
   Only format docstrings that are between [start, end] rows in the file.
--recursive
   Drill down directories recursively.
```

4.6 Arguments Needed for Future Releases

The following are new arguments that are needed to implement **should** or **may** convention requirements:

```
--wrap-one-line [boolean, default False]
Boolean to indicate whether to wrap one-line docstrings. Provides
option for requirement PEP_257_4.1.
```

4.7 Issue and Version Management

As bug reports and feature requests arise in the GitHub issue system, these will need to be prioritized. The requirement categories, coupled with the urgency of the issue reported can be used to provide the general prioritization scheme:

- Priority 1: convention bug
- Priority 2: style bug
- Priority 3: stakeholder bug
- Priority 4: convention enhancement
- Priority 5: style enhancement
- Priority 6: stakeholder enhancement
- Priority 7: chore

Integration of a bug fix will result in a patch version bump (i.e., 1.5.0 > 1.5.1). Integration of one or more enhancements will result in a minor version bump (i.e., 1.5.0 > 1.6.0). One or more release candidates will be provided for each minor or major version bump. These will be indicated by appending -rcX to the version number, where the X is the release candidate number beginning with 1. Release candidates will not be uploaded to PyPi, but will be made available via GitHub Releases.

CHAPTER

FIVE

KNOWN ISSUES AND IDIOSYNCRASIES

There are some know issues or idiosyncrasies when using docformatter. These are stylistic issues and are in the process of being addressed.

5.1 Wrapping Descriptions

docformatter will wrap descriptions, but only in simple cases. If there is text that seems like a bulleted/numbered list, docformatter will leave the description as is:

- Item one.
- Item two.
- Item three.

This prevents the risk of the wrapping turning things into a mess. To force even these instances to get wrapped use --force-wrap. This is being addressed by the constellation of issues related to the various syntaxes used in docstrings.

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CHAPTER

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CHAPTER

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